S. 559

To make the protection of vulnerable populations, especially women and children, who are affected by a humanitarian emergency a priority of the United States Government, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 8, 2005

Mr. Biden (for himself and Mr. Lugar) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To make the protection of vulnerable populations, especially women and children, who are affected by a humanitarian emergency a priority of the United States Government, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Protection of Vulner-
- 5 able Populations During Humanitarian Emergencies Act
- 6 of 2005".
- 7 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 8 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.
- Sec. 4. Findings.

TITLE I—PROGRAM AND POLICY COORDINATION

- Sec. 101. Requirement to develop integrated strategy.
- Sec. 102. Designation of coordinator.

TITLE II—PREVENTION AND PREPAREDNESS

- Sec. 201. Reporting and monitoring systems.
- Sec. 202. Protection training and expertise.

TITLE III—PROTECTION OF REFUGEES AND INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS

- Sec. 301. Codes of conduct.
- Sec. 302. Health services for refugees and displaced persons.
- Sec. 303. Economic self-sufficiency of vulnerable populations affected by a humanitarian emergency.
- Sec. 304. International military education and training.
- Sec. 305. Sense of Congress regarding actions of United Nations peacekepers.

TITLE IV—PROTECTION OF VULNERABLE POPULATIONS AFFECTED BY A HUMANITARIAN EMERGENCY

- Sec. 401. Report regarding programs to protect vulnerable populations.
- Sec. 402. Protection assistance.

1 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this Act:
- 3 (1) AGENCY.—The term "Agency" means the
- 4 United States Agency for International Develop-
- 5 ment.
- 6 (2) Appropriate congressional commit-
- 7 TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
- 8 mittees" means the Committee on Foreign Relations
- 9 of the Senate and the Committee on International
- 10 Relations of the House of Representatives.
- 11 (3) CHILDREN.—The term "children" means
- persons under the age of 18 years.

1	(4) Coordinator.—The term "coordinator"
2	means the individual designated by the Secretary
3	under section 102(a).
4	(5) Department.—The term "Department"
5	means the Department of State.
6	(6) Exploitation of Children.—The term
7	"exploitation of children" includes—
8	(A) adult sexual activity with children;
9	(B) kidnapping or forcibly separating chil-
10	dren from their families;
11	(C) subjecting children to forced child
12	labor;
13	(D) forcing children to commit or witness
14	acts of violence, including compulsory recruit-
15	ment into armed forces or as combatants; and
16	(E) withholding or obstructing access of
17	children to food, shelter, medicine, and basic
18	human services.
19	(7) HIV.—The term "HIV" means the human
20	immunodeficiency virus, the virus that causes the ac-
21	quired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS).
22	(8) Humanitarian emergency.—The term
23	"humanitarian emergency" means a situation in
24	which, due to a natural or manmade disaster, civil-

1	ians, including refugees and internally displaced per-
2	sons, require basic humanitarian assistance.
3	(9) Inter-agency standing committee.—
4	The term "Inter-Agency Standing Committee"
5	means the Inter-Agency Standing Committee estab-
6	lished in response to United Nations General Assem-
7	bly Resolution 46/182 of December 19, 1991.
8	(10) Protection.—The term "protection"
9	means all appropriate measures to provide the phys-
10	ical and psychological security of, provide equal ac-
11	cess to basic services for, and safeguard the legal
12	and human rights of, individuals.
13	(11) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
14	means the Secretary of State.
15	(12) Sex trafficking.—The term "sex traf-
16	ficking" has the meaning given the term in section
17	103 of Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000
18	(22 U.S.C. 7102).
19	(13) SEXUAL EXPLOITATION AND ABUSE.—The
20	term "sexual exploitation and abuse" means causing
21	harm to a person through—
22	(A) rape;
23	(B) sexual assault or torture;
24	(C) sex trafficking and trafficking in per-
25	sons;

1	(D) demands for sex in exchange for em-
2	ployment, goods, services, or protection; and
3	(E) other forms of sexual violence.
4	(14) Trafficking in Persons.—The term
5	"trafficking in persons" has the meaning given the
6	term "severe forms of trafficking in persons" in sec-
7	tion 103 of Trafficking Victims Protection Act of
8	2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102).
9	(15) Vulnerable populations.—The term
10	"vulnerable populations" means those people, such
11	as women, children, the disabled, and the elderly,
12	who by virtue of their status are at a disadvantage
13	in obtaining or accessing goods and services.
14	SEC. 4. FINDINGS.
15	Congress makes the following findings:
16	(1) The nature of war has changed dramatically
17	in recent decades, putting civilians, especially women
18	and children, at greater risk of death, disease, dis-
19	placement, and exploitation.
20	(2) In the last decade alone, more than
21	2,000,000 children have been killed during wars,
22	while more than 4,000,000 have survived physical
23	mutilation, and more than 1,000,000 have been or-
24	phaned or separated from their families as a result

of war.

- 1 (3) The use of rape, particularly against women 2 and girls, is an increasingly common tactic in mod-3 ern war.
 - (4) Civilians, particularly women and children, account for the vast majority of those adversely affected by humanitarian emergencies, including as refugees and internally displaced persons, and increasingly are targeted by combatants and armed elements for murder, abduction, forced military conscription, involuntary servitude, displacement, sexual abuse and slavery, mutilation, and loss of freedom.
 - (5) Large-scale natural disasters, such as the tsunami that struck South East Asia, South Asia, and East Africa on December 26, 2004, and claimed over 200,000 lives, are particularly threatening to children, who are often orphaned or separated from their families.
 - (6) Traditionally, the response to such humanitarian emergencies has focused on providing food, medical care, and shelter needs, and has placed less emphasis on the safety and security of those affected by a humanitarian emergency.
 - (7) Refugee women and girls face particular threats because of power inequities, including being forced to exchange sex for food and humanitarian

- supplies, and being at increased risk of rape and sexual exploitation and abuse due to poor security in refugee camps.
 - (8) In some circumstances, humanitarian agencies have failed to make individuals affected by a humanitarian emergency, especially women and children, aware of their rights to protection and assistance, to give them access to effective channels of redress, and to make humanitarian workers aware of their duty to respect these rights and provide adequate assistance.
 - (9) Refugee and displaced women face heightened risks of developing complications during pregnancy, suffering a miscarriage, dying, being injured during childbirth, becoming infected with HIV or another sexually transmitted infection, or suffering from posttraumatic stress disorder.
 - (10) Despite the heightened risks for women during a humanitarian emergency, women's needs for specialized health services have often been overlooked by donors and relief organizations, which are focused on providing food, water, and shelter.
 - (11) There is a substantial need for the protection of civilians, especially women and children, to be

1	given a high priority during all humanitarian emer-
2	gencies.
3	TITLE I—PROGRAM AND POLICY
4	COORDINATION
5	SEC. 101. REQUIREMENT TO DEVELOP COMPREHENSIVE
6	STRATEGY.
7	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall, in consulta-
8	tion with the Administrator of the United States Agency
9	for International Development, develop a comprehensive
10	strategy for the protection of vulnerable populations, espe-
11	cially women and children, who are affected by a humani-
12	tarian emergency. The strategy shall include—
13	(1) measures to address the specific protection
14	needs of women and children;
15	(2) training for personnel to respond to the spe-
16	cific needs of such vulnerable populations; and
17	(3) measures taken to comply with section 301.
18	(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
19	of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
20	to the appropriate congressional committees a report set-
21	ting forth the strategy described in subsection (a).
22	SEC. 102. DESIGNATION OF COORDINATOR.
23	(a) In General.—Not later than 60 days after the
24	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall des-
25	ignate an individual within the Department or the Agency

1	as the coordinator to be responsible for the oversight and
2	coordination of efforts by the Department and the Agency
3	to provide protection for vulnerable populations, especially
4	women and children, affected by a humanitarian emer-
5	gency.
6	(b) Consultation Requirement.—The Secretary
7	shall consult with the Administrator of the United States
8	Agency for International Development in making a des-
9	ignation under subsection (a).
10	(c) Notification.—Not later than 5 days after des-
11	ignating an official as a coordinator under subsection (a),
12	the Secretary shall inform the appropriate congressional
13	committees of such designation.
13 14	TITLE II—PREVENTION AND
14	TITLE II—PREVENTION AND
14 15	TITLE II—PREVENTION AND PREPAREDNESS
141516	TITLE II—PREVENTION AND PREPAREDNESS SEC. 201. REPORTING AND MONITORING SYSTEMS.
14151617	TITLE II—PREVENTION AND PREPAREDNESS SEC. 201. REPORTING AND MONITORING SYSTEMS. (a) DUTIES OF COORDINATOR.—The coordinator
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	TITLE II—PREVENTION AND PREPAREDNESS SEC. 201. REPORTING AND MONITORING SYSTEMS. (a) DUTIES OF COORDINATOR.—The coordinator shall— (1) develop and maintain a database of historical information about occurrences of sexual exploitation and abuse, and other exploitation, of children during a humanitarian emergency;

- that vulnerable populations, especially women and children, are being targeted for or are at substantial risk of violence or exploitation in humanitarian emergencies;
 - (3) assist United States diplomatic missions in developing responses to situations where there is a substantial risk of sexual exploitation and abuse or exploitation of children that may occur during a humanitarian emergency; and
 - (4) develop mechanisms for the receipt and distribution of reports to and from the public and relevant nongovernmental and international organizations of evidence of sexual exploitation and abuse and exploitation of children during a humanitarian emergency.
- 16 (b) Consultation.—In carrying out duties under 17 paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a), the Coordinator 18 shall consult with inter-governmental organizations and 19 nongovernmental organizations.

20 SEC. 202. PROTECTION TRAINING AND EXPERTISE.

21 (a) Fellowship Program.—The Administrator of 22 the United States Agency for International Development 23 is authorized to establish a fellowship program at the 24 Agency to increase the expertise of the personnel of the 25 Agency in developing programs and policies to carry out

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- 1 activities related to the protection of vulnerable popu-
- 2 lations, especially women and children, affected by a hu-
- 3 manitarian emergency.
- 4 (b) Term of Fellowship.—An individual may par-
- 5 ticipate in a fellowship under this section for a term of
- 6 not more than 3 years.
- 7 (c) Number of Fellows.—The Administrator is
- 8 authorized to employ up to 10 fellows at any one time
- 9 under this program.
- 10 (d) QUALIFICATION.—An individual is qualified to
- 11 participate in a fellowship under this section if such indi-
- 12 vidual has the specific expertise required—
- 13 (1) to develop and implement policies and pro-
- grams related to the protection of vulnerable popu-
- 15 lations, especially women and children; and
- 16 (2) to promote the exchange of knowledge and
- experience between the Agency and entities that as-
- sist the Agency in carrying out assistance programs.

19 TITLE III—PROTECTION OF REF-

- 20 UGEES AND INTERNALLY DIS-
- 21 PLACED PERSONS
- 22 SEC. 301. CODES OF CONDUCT.
- None of the funds made available by the Department
- 24 or Agency to provide assistance under section 491 of the
- 25 Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2292) or over-

- 1 seas assistance under section 2 of the Migration and Ref-
- 2 ugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601) may be
- 3 provided to a primary grantee or contractor for the pur-
- 4 pose of providing assistance to refugees or internally dis-
- 5 placed persons unless such grantee or contractor has
- 6 adopted a code of conduct that is consistent with the 6
- 7 core principles recommended by the Inter-Agency Stand-
- 8 ing Committee. To the extent practicable, a grantee or
- 9 contractor that has adopted such a code of conduct shall
- 10 ensure that subgrantees and subcontractors of such grant-
- 11 ee or contractor have adopted, or agree to act in accord-
- 12 ance with, such a code of conduct.
- 13 SEC. 302. HEALTH SERVICES FOR REFUGEES AND DIS-
- 14 PLACED PERSONS.
- 15 (a) Provision of Health Services to Vulner-
- 16 ABLE POPULATIONS AFFECTED BY HUMANITARIAN
- 17 Emergencies.—The coordinator shall seek to ensure
- 18 that organizations funded by the Department and the
- 19 Agency for the purpose of responding to a humanitarian
- 20 emergency coordinate and implement activities needed to
- 21 respond to the health needs of vulnerable populations, es-
- 22 pecially women and children, as soon as practicable and
- 23 not later than 30 days after the onset of a humanitarian
- 24 emergency.

1	(b) ACTIVITIES DEFINED.—The activities referred to
2	in subsection (a) include activities to—
3	(1) prevent and manage the consequences of
4	sexual violence;
5	(2) reduce transmission of HIV;
6	(3) provide obstetric care; and
7	(4) develop a plan to integrate women's health
8	services into the primary health care services pro-
9	vided during a humanitarian emergency.
10	SEC. 303. ECONOMIC SELF-SUFFICIENCY OF VULNERABLE
11	POPULATIONS AFFECTED BY A HUMANI-
12	TARIAN EMERGENCY.
13	(a) Amendments to Microenterprise Act of
14	2000.—Section 102 of the Microenterprise for Self-Reli-
15	ance Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 2151f note) is amended—
16	(1) in paragraph (4)—
17	(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (B),
18	(C), and (D) and subparagraphs (C), (D), and
19	(E), respectively; and
20	(B) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
21	the following:
22	"(B) Women displaced by armed conflict are
23	particularly at risk, lacking access to traditional live-
24	lihoods and means for generating income."; and
25	(2) in paragraph (13)—

1	(A) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as
2	subparagraph (C); and
3	(B) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
4	the following:
5	"(B) Particular efforts should be made to ex-
6	pand the availability of microcredit programs to in-
7	ternally displaced persons, who historically have not
8	had access to such programs.".
9	(b) Amendment to the Foreign Assistance
10	Act.—Section 256(b)(3) of the Foreign Assistance Act of
11	1961 (22 U.S.C. 2212(b)(3)) is amended by inserting
12	after "clients" the following: ", including women
13	microentrepeneurs,".
14	SEC. 304. INTERNATIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION AND
15	TRAINING.
16	Section 541 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
17	(22 U.S.C. 2347) is amended—
18	(1) by striking "or (iv)" and inserting "(iv)";
19	and
20	(2) by striking "rights." and inserting "rights,
21	or (v) improve the protection of civilians, especially
22	women and children, including those who are refu-
23	gees or displaced persons.".

1	SEC. 305. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING ACTIONS OF
2	UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPERS.
3	It is the sense of Congress that—
4	(1) the Secretary-General of the United Nations
5	should strengthen the existing ability of the United
6	Nations Department of Peacekeeping Operations to
7	protect civilians, especially women and children,
8	from sexual exploitation and abuse by personnel in
9	peace operation missions by—
10	(A) directing the Department of Peace-
11	keeping Operations to identify nongovernmental
12	organizations and local community officials to
13	receive and communicate to senior level mission
14	officials credible reports from civilians of sexual
15	exploitation and abuse;
16	(B) ensuring that there is a mechanism in
17	place for all credible allegations of sexual ex-
18	ploitation and abuse to be brought to the atten-
19	tion of senior level mission officials in an expe-
20	dited fashion;
21	(C) developing missions based rapid re-
22	sponse teams to investigate allegations of sexual
23	exploitation and abuse;
24	(D) improving informational programs for
25	United Nations personnel on their responsibility

1	not to engage in acts of sexual exploitation and
2	abuse and the sanctions for such actions;
3	(E) identifying troop contributing coun-
4	tries that refuse to investigate allegations of
5	sexual exploitation and abuse by nationals serv-
6	ing in peacekeeping missions;
7	(F) permanently excluding individuals
8	found to have engaged in sexual abuse or ex-
9	ploitation, as well as troop contingent com-
10	manders and civilian managerial personnel
11	complicit in such behavior, from participating in
12	future United Nations peacekeeping missions;
13	and
14	(G) demanding that troop contributing
15	countries—
16	(i) thoroughly investigate cases in
17	which their nationals have been alleged to
18	have engaged in sexual abuse or exploi-
19	tation which on United Nations peace-
20	keeping missions; and
21	(ii) punish those found guilty of such
22	misconduct;
23	(2) troop contributing states should ensure that
24	their soldiers are properly trained on United Nations
25	guidelines regarding proper conduct towards civil-

1	ians, in particular those guidelines that address gen-
2	der-based violence, before participating in United
3	Nations peace operation missions;
4	(3) the United Nations should suspend payment
5	of peacekeeping funds to countries when there is
6	credible evidence of sexual exploitation and abuse by
7	troops of such countries that are participating in
8	peacekeeping operations, and the governments of
9	such countries are not investigating or punishing
10	such conduct; and
11	(4) the Secretary should consider a suspension
12	of United States military assistance to countries
13	that do not—
14	(A) investigate allegations of sexual exploi-
15	tation and abuse by troops participating in
16	United Nations peacekeeping operations; or
17	(B) hold perpetrators of such abuse and
18	exploitation accountable.
19	TITLE IV—PROTECTION OF VUL-
20	NERABLE POPULATIONS AF-
21	FECTED BY A HUMANITARIAN
22	EMERGENCY
23	SEC. 401. ACTIONS TO SUPPORT PROTECTION.
24	(a) Programs of the International Bank for
25	RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT.—The United

- 1 States Executive Director of the International Bank for
- 2 Reconstruction and Development should take steps to en-
- 3 sure that disarmament, demobilization, and reintegration
- 4 programs developed and funded by the International Bank
- 5 for Reconstruction and Development provide benefits to
- 6 former combatants that are comparable to the benefits
- 7 provided by such programs to other individuals.
- 8 (b) Report Regarding Programs To Assist Ci-
- 9 VILIAN POLICE.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 10 of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a re-
- 11 port to the appropriate congressional committees on all
- 12 current programs being conducted by the Department or
- 13 the Agency to assist foreign countries with the enforce-
- 14 ment of the laws of such countries that are designed to
- 15 protect women and children and improve accountability
- 16 for sexual exploitation and abuse.
- 17 SEC. 402. PROTECTION ASSISTANCE.
- 18 Chapter 1 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act
- 19 of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended by adding
- 20 at the end the following new section:
- 21 "SEC. 135. ASSISTANCE FOR THE PROTECTION OF VULNER-
- 22 ABLE POPULATIONS DURING HUMANITARIAN
- 23 EMERGENCIES.
- 24 "(a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 25 sion of law, and subject to the limitations of subsection

- 1 (b), the President is authorized to provide assistance for
- 2 programs, projects, and activities to promote the security
- 3 of, provide equal access to basic services for, and safe-
- 4 guard the legal and human rights of civilians, especially
- 5 women and children, who are affected by a humanitarian
- 6 emergency. Such assistance shall include programs—
- "(1) to build the capacity of nongovernmental organizations to address the special protection needs of vulnerable populations, especially women and chil-

dren, affected by a humanitarian emergency;

"(2) to support local and international nongovernmental initiatives to prevent, detect, and report exploitation of children and sexual exploitation and abuse, including through the provision of training humanitarian protection monitors for refugees

and internally displaced persons;

- "(3) to conduct protection and security assessments for refugees and internally displaced persons in camps or in communities for the purpose of improving the design and security of camps for refugees and internally displaced persons, with special emphasis on the security of women and children;
- "(4) to provide, when practicable, education during a humanitarian emergency, including struc-

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- tured activities that create safe spaces for children,
 in particular girls;
- "(5) to reintegrate and rehabilitate former combatants and survivors of a humanitarian emergency, including through education, psychosocial assistance and trauma counseling, family and community reinsertion, medical assistance, and strengthening community systems to support sustained reintegration;
 - "(6) to establish registries and clearinghouses to trace relatives and begin family reunification, with a specific focus on helping children find their families;
 - "(7) to provide interim care and placement for separated children and orphans, including monitoring and followup services;
 - "(8) to provide legal services for survivors of sexual exploitation, abuse, or torture, including the collection of evidence for war crimes tribunals and advocacy for legal reform; and
 - "(9) to provide to local law enforcement personnel working in areas affected by a humanitarian emergency training in human rights law, particularly as it relates to the protection of women and children.

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- 1 "(b) AVAILABILITY OF ASSISTANCE.—Amounts made
- 2 available to carry out this part and chapter 4 of part II

3 may be made available to carry out this section.".

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